

HLA-DRA (PN0321) Nb-FC recombinant antibody

CatalogNo: YA0271 Recombinant R

Key Features

Reactivity Applications
• Human • ELISA

Recommended Dilution Ratios

ELISA 1:5000-100000

Storage

Storage* -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Avoid freeze / thaw cycles)

Formulation Phosphate-buffered solution

I Basic Information

Source Camel, chimeric fusion of Nanobody (VHH) and mouse IgG1 Fc domain, recombinantly

produced from 293F cell

Purification Camel, chimeric fusion of Nanobody (VHH) and mouse IgG1 Fc domain, recombinantly

produced from 293F cell

Clone Number PN0321

Immunogen Information

Immunogen Purified recombinant Human HLA-DRA

Specificity This recombinant monoclonal antibody can detects endogenous levels of HLA-DRA

protein.

| Target Information

Gene name HLA-DRA HLA-DRA1

Protein Name HLA class II histocompatibility antigen, DR alpha chain (MHC class II antigen DRA)

| Organism | Gene ID | UniProt ID |
|----------|--------------|-----------------|
| Human | <u>3122;</u> | <u>P01903</u> ; |

Cellular Localization

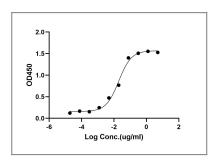
Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Early endosome membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Late endosome membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Lysosome membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Autolysosome membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. The MHCII complex transits through a number of intracellular compartments in the endocytic pathway until it reaches the cell membrane for antigen presentation (PubMed:9075930, PubMed:18305173). Component of immunological synapses at the interface between T cell and APC (PubMed:15322540, PubMed:29884618). .

Tissue specificity Expressed in professional APCs: macrophages, dendritic cells and B cells (at protein level) (PubMed:31495665, PubMed:1532254, PubMed:23783831). Expressed in thymic epithelial cells (at protein level) (PubMed:23783831).

Function

Disease: Genetic variations in HLA-DRA are associated with susceptibility to hepatitis B virus infection (HBV infection) [MIM:610424]. Approximately one third of all cases of cirrhosis and half of all cases of hepatocellular carcinoma can be attributed to chronic HBV infection. HBV infection may result in subclinical or asymptomatic infection, acute self-limited hepatitis, or fulminant hepatitis requiring liver transplantation.,polymorphism:The following alleles of DRA are known: DRA*0101 and DRA*0102. The sequence shown is that of DRA*0101., similarity: Belongs to the MHC class II family., similarity: Contains 1 Ig-like C1-type (immunoglobulin-like) domain., subunit: Heterodimer of an alpha chain and a beta chain.,

Validation Data



I Contact information

Orders: order.cn@immunoway.com Support: support.cn@immunoway.com

Telephone: 400-8787-807(China)

Website: http://www.immunoway.com.cn

Address: 2200 Ringwood Ave San Jose, CA 95131 USA



Please scan the QR code to access additional product information: HLA-DRA (PN0321) Nb-FC recombinant antibody

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Antibody | ELISA Kits | Protein | Reagents