

HLA-F Rabbit pAb

CatalogNo: YN5915

Key Features

Host Species

Rabbit

Reactivity
• Human

Applications

WB

MW
• 38kD (Calculated)

IsotypeIgG

Recommended Dilution Ratios

WB 1:500-2000

Storage

Storage* -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Basic Information

Clonality Polyclonal

Immunogen Information

Immunogen Synthesized peptide derived from human HLA-F

Specificity This antibody detects endogenous levels of HLA-F at Human

| Target Information

Gene name HLA-F HLA-5.4 HLAF

Protein Name

HLA class I histocompatibility antigen, alpha chain F (CDA12) (HLA F antigen) (Leukocyte antigen F) (MHC class I antigen F)

Organism	Gene ID	UniProt ID
Human	<u>3134;</u>	<u>P30511</u> ;

Cellular Localization

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Early endosome membrane. Lysosome membrane . For cross-presentation transits from the cell surface through endosomal pathway to lysosomes, where the peptide is generated from internalized exogenous antigen. .

Tissue specificity Expressed in resting B cells (at protein level). Expressed in secondary lymphoid organs rich in B and T cells such as the tonsils, spleen, and thymus (at protein level) (PubMed:10605026, PubMed:11169396), Expressed in the endothelial cells of the tonsils (PubMed:11169396). Expressed on activated lymphoid cells including B cells, NK cells, CD4+ T cells and memory T cells (at protein level) (PubMed:27455421, PubMed:20865824). Expressed in motor neurons of spinal cord (PubMed:26928464).

Function

Non-classical major histocompatibility class Ib molecule postulated to play a role in immune surveillance, immune tolerance and inflammation. Functions in two forms, as a heterotrimeric complex with B2M/beta-2 microglobulin and a peptide (peptide-bound HLA-F-B2M) and as an open conformer (OC) devoid of peptide and B2M (peptide-free OC). In complex with B2M, presents non-canonical self-peptides carrying post-translational modifications, particularly phosphorylated self-peptides. Peptide-bound HLA-F-B2M acts as a ligand for LILRB1 inhibitory receptor, a major player in maternal-fetal tolerance. Peptidefree OC acts as a ligand for KIR3DS1 and KIR3DL2 receptors. Upon interaction with activating KIR3DS1 receptor on NK cells, triggers NK cell degranulation and anti-viral cytokine production. Through interaction with KIR3DL2 receptor, inhibits NK and T cell effector functions. May interact with other MHC class I OCs to cross-present exogenous viral, tumor or minor histompatibility antigens to cytotoxic CD8+ T cells, triggering effector and memory responses. May play a role in inflammatory responses in the peripheral nervous system. Through interaction with KIR3DL2, may protect motor neurons from astrocyte-induced toxicity.

Validation Data

Contact information

Orders: order.cn@immunoway.com support.cn@immunoway.com Support:

Telephone: 400-8787-807(China)

Website: http://www.immunoway.com.cn

2200 Ringwood Ave San Jose, CA 95131 USA Address:



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