

VEGF-A Rabbit pAb

CatalogNo: YT4870

Key Features

Host Species

Rabbit

Reactivity • Human, Mouse, Rat, Pig, Rabbit Applications
• WB,IF,IHC,ELISA

MW • 21kD(monomer),42kD(dimer) (Observed) Isotype • IgG

Recommended Dilution Ratios

WB 1:500-1:2000.IF 1:50-200 IHC 1:100-1:300 ELISA 1:10000 Not yet tested in other applications.

Storage

Storage* -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Formulation 1 mg/ml

Basic Information

Clonality Polyclonal

Immunogen Information

ImmunogenThe antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human VEGF-A.AA range:110-159

Specificity VEGF-A Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of VEGF-A protein.

Target Information

Gene name VEGFA

Protein Name

Vascular endothelial growth factor A

Organism	Gene ID	UniProt ID
Human	<u>7422;</u>	<u>P15692;</u>
Mouse	<u>22339;</u>	<u>Q00731;</u>
Rat	<u>83785;</u>	<u>P16612;</u>

- Cellular Secreted . VEGF121 is acidic and freely secreted. VEGF165 is more basic, has heparin-Localization binding properties and, although a significant proportion remains cell-associated, most is freely secreted. VEGF189 is very basic, it is cell-associated after secretion and is bound avidly by heparin and the extracellular matrix, although it may be released as a soluble form by heparin, heparinase or plasmin.
- **Tissue specificity** Isoform VEGF189, isoform VEGF165 and isoform VEGF121 are widely expressed. Isoform VEGF206 and isoform VEGF145 are not widely expressed. A higher level expression seen in pituitary tumors as compared to the pituitary gland.
- **Function** Function: Growth factor active in angiogenesis, vasculogenesis and endothelial cell growth. Induces endothelial cell proliferation, promotes cell migration, inhibits apoptosis, and induces permeabilization of blood vessels. Binds to the VEGFR1/Flt-1 and VEGFR2/Kdr receptors, heparan sulfate and heparin. Neuropilin-1 binds isoforms VEGF-165 and VEGF-145. Isoform VEGF165B binds to VEGFR2/Kdr but doesn't activate downstream signaling pathways, doesn't activate angiogenesis and inhibits tumor growth., induction: Regulated by growth factors, cytokines, gonadotropins, nitric oxide, hypoxia, hypoglycemia and oncogenic mutations., online information: VEGF entry, similarity: Belongs to the PDGF/VEGF growth factor family., subcellular location: VEGF121 is acidic and freely secreted. VEGF165 is more basic, has heparin-binding properties and, although a signicant proportion remains cell-associated, most is freely secreted. VEGF189 is very basic, it is cell-associated after secretion and is bound avidly by heparin and the extracellular matrix, although it may be released as a soluble form by heparin, heparinase or plasmin., subunit: Homodimer; disulfide-linked. Also found as heterodimer with PIGF., tissue specificity: The VEGF189, VEGF-165 and VEGF-121 isoforms are widely expressed, whereas the VEGF206 and VEGF-145 are uncommon.,

Validation Data

Contact information

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Please scan the QR code to access additional product information: VEGF-A Rabbit pAb

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Antibody | ELISA Kits | Protein | Reagents